App F IX 4

1925

File No 84 25

Previous References (me

Serial Nos 48

Later references

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT

Serial Nos

Part B for Feb 26

SUBJECT

Bye law re the manufacture of Aerated Water in Bhadravati Municipal Council

48 To, The Deputy Commr, Shimoga Dist & the Comptroller
No X 5674-5/ d 2 2 26

Sanctions the draft Bye laws

Hf 3-2-26

UC 572-

[App I III—2

General and Re en e
Secretariat

nil File N 84 of 925

Serial No

Copy of letter No O E 136/25-26 dated 7/12/25 from the Deputy Commissioner, Bhamaya, forwarding for sanction among others bye-laws regarding the manufacture etc of Aerated Waters in Bhavanake Panchayat

Manufacture of Aerated Waters

Compared with the bye-laws in force in Chamarajanagar town they & the draft bye-laws seem to be in order with the exception of bye-law 10 by which a license is proposed to be introduced As the Bye-laws is illegal & cannot be enforced this may perhaps be omitted

Submitted for orders

from the bye laws were examined 23/12 as noted in pencil may be approved by law

Please bring up 31/12

bye-law no 10 being deleted 30/12/25

The Municipality cannot frame a bye law for issuing licenses for opening a factory for Aerated Waters Since Section 48 cl (6) or Section 287 does not apply to such a factory the bye law ought to be deleted The other bye laws may be approved

Dr Secy 31/12

Papers 31/12/25

Note—Contn Sheet

App I III—4]

WD 0569—GPB —40 000—31 2 '

File No of 192

General and Revenue Secretariat

Serial No

NOTE—(

4057

WD 264—GPB—40 000—17 12 25
[App F III—2

General and Revenue Secretariat

File No 84 of 192 7

Serial No

draft Rule
Sm K may be passed
15/1 22/6/26

Mr Leg)
2 Secs

6533/25/1

48

L 5474-S dated 2/2/26
from D C Shimoga to
The Comptroller
Sanctions the draft Bye laws

(1)

NOTE—Contn Sheet

89

Office of the Deputy Commissioner,
[illegible] District

C C 1 6/25-26
Encl 9 files Chimoga, dated 7th December 1925

4057/L

From

A [illegible]
Deputy Commissioner, [illegible]
[illegible] District

To

B [illegible]
Secretary to Government,
Local & Legislative Departments

Sir,

With reference to your letter No L 2184 dated the 20th Sep 1925 returning the draft Bye-laws framed by the Bhadravati Municipal Council with the observation that each set of Byelaws may be submitted separately for sanction, I have the honor to resubmit herewith each set of the marginally noted draft Bye-laws received from the President of the said Municipal Council with his report No [illegible] dated 26-10-1925, and to state that, as our Bhadravati Municipality is a fairly prosperous municipality, having an income of nearly Rs 7,000 per year it is hoped very sincerely that these Bye-laws should be brought into force I therefore request that, as already recommended in my letter No C C 166/25-26 dated 3-9-1925, sanction of Government may be kindly obtained for the introduction of the said Bye-laws into the Municipality

BYE-LAWS REGARDING -

Fisheries and Weighing Engines
Retail Hotels and Caterers Hotels
Manufacture of Aerated Waters
Sanitation and conservancy
Other matters relating to Municipal administration
Levy of Octroi duty
Erection of Buildings, Sheds and other structures
Registration of births and deaths

I have the etc ,

[illegible]
for Deputy Commissioner, [illegible] District

1512 - 18 copy

BHADRAVATI TOWN MINOR MUNICIPALITY

Shimoga dated 12th January 192.

The following draft bye laws proposed by the Bhadravati Town Minor Municipal Council under Section 48 (1) (*c*) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation of 1906 for regulating the (1) Bakeries and Sweetmeat shops (2) Native hotels or eating houses (3) Manufacture of aerated water (4) Sanitation and Conservancy and (5) Other matters relating to Municipal Administration for the information of public —

Any inhabitant of the Municipality objecting to the proposed bye laws may within one month from the date of publication in the Gazette send his objections in writing to the President or Vice President of the Bhadravati Town Minor Municipal Council

I Bye law relating to Bakeries and Sweetmeat Shops

1 A bakery or sweetmeat shop includes any building or part of a building used for any process connected with the baking of bread or preparation of sweet or other eatable for sale The owner of a bakery or sweetmeat shop or any person who acts as vendor on his behalf shall be taken to be the keeper thereof

2 All premises used as bakeries and sweetmeat shop shall satisfy the following conditions —

(*a*) The premises shall be sufficiently spacious well ventilated and suitable for a bakery or a sweetmeat shop and they shall be provided with good chimneys for the escape of smoke causing no inconvenience to persons residing in the neighbourhood

(*b*) The premises shall always have a sufficient supply of water for the purpose of thoroughly washings and cleaning such premises

(*c*) The walls of every bakery or sweetmeat shop shall be rendered impervious to the extent of four feet from the ground level either by cement or chunam and white washed The whole floor shall be either plastered with chunam or a paved with flooring tiles or Cuddapah slabs with cement or chunam pointing and the building sufficiently provided with drainage

(*d*) All bakeries and sweetmeat shops shall be at a respectable distance from any cess pits or latrine so as to prevent bad odours wafted therefrom reaching them

(*e*) No place used as a bakery or sweetmeat shop shall ordinarily be used for any other purposes and if in any specified case the building is used both for residential purposes and for bakeries or sweetmeat shops the portion used for the latter should be completely separated from that used for the former

3 All utensils and other articles shall be kept clean

4 The flour sugar ghee water and other materials used in the manufacture of bread and sweetmeat shall be good and wholesome There shall be a separate store-room or receptacle for flour and sugar and no flour or sugar shall be left lying on the floor or against the wall in any part of the bakery or sweetmeat shop

5 All refuse and dirt in and about the premises at all times maintained in a clean and tidy condition

7 No person shall transport for sale bread or sweetmeat except in a closed vehicle or a closed basket tin or other receptacle Every such vehicle basket tin or other receptacle shall at all times be kept thoroughly clean and shall commit any act which may intend to render any bread or sweetmeat which is being transported dirty or unwholesome

8 All paper and leaves used for wrapping bread sweets etc shall be clean and stored in a clean rack

9 No person suffering from a contagious or an infectious or a loathsome disease of any kind or who has recently been in attendance over such person or who is unwashed or otherwise unclean shall be employed in an eating house

10 Bread sweets etc shall be stored and kept for sale with all reasonable precautions against contamination from flies dust and bad odours *i e* to be kept in glass ca

11 Every bakery or sweetmeat shop shall submit a written application to the President giving the door number and street of the intended building or part of a building to be used as a sweetmeat shop or bakery and with endorsement from the Municipal President that intended building or part of building is fit for the purpose and after the grant of a license used for the purpose for which it is meant

12 Any infringement of any of the above bye laws shall render the offender liable on conviction before the Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rs 10 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs 5 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continue provided that the total amount of the fines shall not exceed Rs 200

II Bye laws regarding native hotels or eating houses

1 An eating house or hotel includes any house or place where cooked rice mutton beaf poultry vegitables doll and confectionery or refreshments including chapatties rice cakes tea coffee et are prepared and kept for sale

2 The proprietor or any other for the time being or any person in charge of any eating house or hotel shall be taken to be the keeper thereof

3 All eating houses and native hotels shall statisfy the following conditions —

(*a*) All premises used as such shall be sufficiently spacious and suitable for the purpose

(*b*) The premises shall always be provided with sufficient supply of pure water The receptacle for the storage of water shall be placed in a clean place a foot above the ground level and provided with a lid for covering and a tap to draw water

4 The walls of any building used for such purpose shall be impervious and plastered or cemented to the height of four feet from the ground The floors of the kitchen dining and bath rooms and of tiffin rooms shall be rendered impervious either by paving with flooring tiles Cuddapah slabs or chunnam concrete plastering

The kitchen and bath rooms shall be well ventilated and provided with proper smoke vents so that smoke may not pervade into other dwelling houses All rooms in eating houses shall be well lighted and well ventilated

The proprietor or the person in charge shall not allow persons to dine in any other place but the dining hall

5 All utensils and other furniture shall be kept clean and all metallic vessels used in cooking or for keeping food stuffs shall have a continuing lining of tin and no lead vessels of any sort shall be used for any purpose All reasonable precautions shall be taken to preserve cooked food pastry sweatmeats confectionery or preserved dried or cut fruit intended for human consumption from flies dust and bad odours

6 No food stuff of any sort shall be stored or exposed for sale in the premises which is stale unwholesome offensive or in any way unfit for human consumption

7 All refuse and dirt in and about the premises shall be swept off and the drains well flushed and the premises at all times maintained in a clean and tidy condition There shall be sufficient latrine accommodation and the latrine shall be kept clean and the night soil shall be covered with ashes or earth and removed daily

8 No person suffering from a contagious or an infectious or a loathsome disease or who has recently been in attendence over such person or who is unwashed or otherwise unclean shall be employed in an eating house

9 All premises and all cooked and uncooked food stuffs and vessels shall at all times be open to inspection by the President the District Medical Officer Sanitary Officer the Sanitary Inspector any Municipal Councillor or any other Officer authorised by the President on his behalf

10 All cases of dangerous infections diseases such as cholera plague irruptive fevers such as small pox chicken pox measels and fevers of more than seven days duration occuring in the eating house or observed among persons attending it shall be notified by the keeper to the President or District Medical or Sanitary Officer or Sanitary Inspector

11 Every native hotel or eating house shall submit a written application to the President giving the door number and street into which building or part of a building to be used as native hotels or eating houses and with an endorsement from the Sanitary Officer that intended building or part of building is fit for the purpose and after the grant of a license use for the purpose for which it is meant

12 Infringement of any of the above bye laws shall render the offender liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rs 25 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs 5 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues provided that the total amount of the fines shall not exceed Rs 200

III Manufacture of aerated waters

1 Only pure water shall be brought to the Factory premises

2 If the water be filtered the filtering vessels and the materials shall be sterilised at such times and in such manner as the President or the District Medical Officer or the Sanitary Officer may direct

3 All water to be used for washing bottles shall be stored in closed vessels and be treated before use with permanganate of potassium in such manner as the President or the District Medical Officer and District Sanitary Officer may direct

4 The room in which aerated waters are manufactured shall be properly roofed and kept clean and in good repair The walls shall be plastered with mortar and shall be lime washed at least once in three months and the floor shall be rendered impervious either by

being paved with flooring tiles Cuddapah slabs or by mortar or by cement plastering and shall be properly drained

5 The water used for the manufacture of aerated water shall be pure and shall be carried in clean vessels

6 Carts if any employed for the carriage of water shall be kept on the premises shall have the designation of the factory painted on the barrel and shall at all times be kept in a state of scrupulous cleanliness

7 The premises and all appliances used in the manufacture shall be open to inspection at all reasonable times by the President District Medical Officer or Sanitary Officer or any other Municipal Officer authorised on their behalf

8 No aerated waters of any kind shall be ~~used~~ from the manufactory without having a proper label on each bottle giving full name and address of the manufacturers

9 It shall be lawful to the President or the District Medical Officer or the Sanitary Officer or the Sanitary Inspector to enter any place used for the manufacture of aerated waters at any time when such place is open and to inspect and take a sample of bottles of any kind of aerated waters which are there manufactured or kept for sale such sample shall be forthwith forwarded to the Government Chemical Examiner and Bacteriologist and if a certificate from him states that such sample is unfit for human consumption it shall be evidence that it is so unfit until the contrary is proved

10 Every aerated water factory shall submit a written application to the President giving the door number and street of intended building or part of the building to be used as aerated water factory and with an endorsement from the Sanitary Officer That intended building or part of the building is fit for the purpose and after the grant of license use for the purpose for which it is meant

11 Any infringement of any of the above Bye laws shall render the proprietor the person in charge of the place liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rs 10 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs 5 for every day for such conviction during which such infringement continues provided that the total amount of fine shall not exceed Rs 200

Sanitation and Conservancy

Section 48 (1) (a)

1 No rubbish mentioned in Section 107 of the Municipal Regulation shall be deposited except in municipal dustbins or in places used as receptacals of such rubbish

2 Tiles garden sweepings branches of trees and that h and night soil shall not be deposited in municipal dust bins

3 Sullage urine etc shall not be discharged into road side gutters without the special permission of the President The children should not be allowed to commit nuisance in the public roods lanes or side drain The parents will be made responsible for this action and dealt with

4 Any person who shall be guilty of a breach of any of the bye laws abovenamed shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs 20

5 No person shall dry any Bratties or cow dung cakes on the external walls of houses or yards or compound walls and any one infringing this bye law shall on conviction before a Magistrate be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs 20

6 No person is allowed to remove earth and make pits except for wells within the municipal limits for house buildings or any other purpos The owner of every house or vacant land is expected to keep the premises or vacant land in a tidy condition by not allowing the grouth of rank vegitation by storing of manure or by using it for any other purpose which gives room for nuisance No person is allowed to stock manure within the municipal limits for more than a week atmost if it is possible to remove every day

7 Latrines —Any person easing himself either in the *vacinity* or on the bank of the Bhadra river or public road shall be liable on conviction before any Magistrate to a penalty not exceeding half a rupee for the first and one rupee for the second and two rupees for each succeeding offence

8 Persons afflicted with loathsome or infectious disease are prohibited from vending or exposing for sale any article of food either in markets or Bazars of the Town under a penalty on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding one rupee for each offence

9 All persons holding houses or lands within the Municipal limits are required to keep all drains and water channals in and about their premises free from obstruction to remove all evident causes of malaria and everywhere to discontinue as a hedge the use of prickly pear aloe and milk hedge and to distroy these latter where at present existing

10 All persons who after due not ce from the President has been given fails to comp ly with the provisions of this bye l1w shall on conviction before a Magistrate subject themselves to a penalty not exceeding Rs 20

Other matters relating to Municipal Administration

Section 48 (1) (w)

1 Any occupier or owner of a house neglecting to enclo e his compo1nd or yard with a w1ll o1 a fence of such mater1l as nav be approved of by the President o1 neglecting t repair any fallen wall o1 gate pilalr o1 to cope the compound wall within one month after a notice has been served on him shall on conviction be liable to a penalty not exceeding R 20

Any owner of a piece of vac1nt land who fails to enclose the ame with a compond wall or fence of such material as President may approve of and not keep it clean with one month after notice has b1en serve1 on him shall on conviction be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs 20

3 Any p1rson who vends or hawks meat of any kind or fish in the street of the t1wn shall on conviction b1fore a Ma_istrat1 be punished with fine not exceeding Rs 10

4 Whoever chops fire wood on any public street or roid so as to damage the street 1r road or so as to cause dan_er inconvenience to the public shall on conviction before a Magistrate be punished with fine which may extend to Rs 20

5 No person hall fish with nets rod or otherwise in the Bhadra river within munici pal limits without a special license bearing this signature of the President Any person contravenin_ this orde1 hall be liable to a penalty on conviction not exceeding Rs 20 per ea h offence

N CHOWDAIYA
Amildar and President

ಗಳನ್ನು ಸ್ಯಾನಿಟರಿ ಆಫೀಸರವರಿಗಾಗಲೀ ಮುನಿಸಿಪಲ್ ವೈಸ್ ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟರವರಿಗಾಗಲೀ ಅಥವಾ ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟರವರಿಂದ ನೇಮಕ ಮಾಡಲ್ಪಟ್ಟ ಮತ್ಯಾರಿಗಾಗಲಿ ಅವಕಾಶ ವಿರತಕ್ಕದ್ದು

10 ಹೋಟಲಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಇರತಕ್ಕವರಿಗೆ ಅಥವಾ ಹೋಟಲಿಗೆ ಬರತಕ್ಕವರಿಗೆ ಕಾಲರಾ ಪ್ಲೇಗ್ ಮೈಲ ವೆಗೈರೆ ಸಾಂಕ್ರಾಮಿಕ ರೋಗಗಳು ಬಿಳುವಿನಕ್ಕಿ ತಲೂ ಹೆತ್ತಾಗಿ ಜ್ವರಬಂದಲ್ಲಿ ಹೋಟಲಿನ ಯಜಮಾನನು ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆ ಟರಿಗಾಗಲಿ ಯಾ ವೈಸ್ ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಂಟರಿಗಾಗಲೀ ಅಥವಾ ಪೆಡಿಕಲ್ ಅಥವ ಸ್ಯಾನಿಟರಿ ಆಫೀಸರಿಗಾಗಲಿ ಸ್ಯಾನಿಟರಿ ಇನ್ಸ್ಪೆಕ್ಟರಿಗಾಗಲೀ ತಿಳಿಸತಕ್ಕದ್ದು

11 ಪ್ರತಿಯೆ ಬ್ಬ ತಿಂಡಿ ಅಥವಾ ಊಟದ ಹೋಟಲನ್ನು ಇಡತಕ್ಕವನಾನು ತಾನು ಹಾಗೆ ಹೋಟಲು ಇಡಬೇಕೆಂದಿರುವ ಕಟ್ಟಡದ ಅಥವಾ ಕಟ್ಟಡದ ಭಾಗದ ಅಥವಾ ಜಾಗದ ಮುನಿಸಿಪಲ್ ನಖರ ನಮೂದಿಸಿ ಮುನಿಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿಯ ವೈಸ್ ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಟರವರ್ಗಿಗೆ ತಾನು ಹೋಟಲ ಇಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಪರವಾನಗಿಯನ್ನು ಬರೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕು ಸದರಿ ಕಟ್ಟಡವು ಅಥವಾ ಕಟ್ಟಡದ ಭಾಗವು ಅಥವಾ ಜಾಗವು ಸ್ಯಾನಿಟರಿ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳು ಅಜವರ್ಿಯ ಮಾಡಿ ಅಂಥ ಹೋಟಲಿಡಲು ಅಗತಕ್ಕದೆ ಮತು ಕಿಪಾರಸುಮಾಡಿದ ತರುವಾಯ ಲೈಸನ್ಸನ್ನು ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಟರ್ರಿಂದ ಪಡೆದ ಹೋಟಲಿಡತಕ್ಕದ್ದು

12 ಪೆಳ್ಕಂಡ ಬೈಲಾ ಯಾ ಕಾನೂನುಗಳನ್ನು ಯಾವುದಕ್ಕಾದರೂ ವಿರುದ್ಧವಾಗಿ ನಡೆಯುತಕ್ಕ ಹೋಟಿಲಿನ ಯಜಮಾನನಿಗೆ ಸ್ಯಾಟಿಸ್ಫೈ ಗೆಟರವರಮಂದೆ ತಪ್ಪು ಸಾಬೀತಾದ ತರುವ ಯ 25 ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಮಿಾರದ ತೆ ಜುಲ್ಮಾನೆಯು ವಿಧಿಸಲ್ಪಡುವು ಸದು ತಪ್ಪು ನ್ಲಿುವೆ ನಡೆವ ಎತ್ತಿ ಪುವಾದರೆ ಹಾಗೆ ನಡೆಯುತ್ತಿರುವ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ದಿನಕ್ಕೂ ತಪ್ಪು ನಿಲ್ಲುವವರೆಗೆ ದಿನ 1ಕ್ಕೆ 5 ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಒಟ್ಟು ಮೊತಲಗು 200 ರೂಪಾಯಿಗೆ ಮಿಾರದ ತೆ ಜುಲ್ಮಾನೆಯೂ ವಿಧಿಸಲ್ಪಡತ್ತದೆ

III ಸೋಡಾ ವಾಟರ್ ಮೆೈರೆ ಪಾನಗಳನ್ನು ತಯಾರ್ಮಾಡುವ ಮತ್ತು ಮಾರುವ ಅಂಗಡಿಗಳ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ವಿಶೇಷ ನಿಯಮಗಳು—

1 ಪರಿಶುದ್ಧವಾದ ನೀರನ್ನು ಪೆಳ್ಕಂಡ ಉದ್ದೇಶಗಳಿಗೆ ತರಬೇಕು

2. ನೀರನ್ನು ಶೋಧಿಸುವ ಪಪ್ರಾಡಿಟ್ಟಿದ್ದಲ್ಲಿ ಶೋಧಿಸಿದ ಪಾತ್ರೆಗಳನ್ನು ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಟರವರ ಪೆಡಿಕಲ್ ಅಥವಾ ಸ್ಯಾನಿಟರಿ ಆಫೀಸರವರು ವಿಧಿಸುವ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಶುದ್ಧವಾಡತಕ್ಕದ್ದು

3 ಸೀಸೆಗಳನ್ನು ಶುದ್ಧ ಮಾಡಲು ಉಪಯೋಗಿಸುವ ನೀರನ್ನು ಮುಚ್ಚಳ ವಿರುವ ಪಾತ್ರೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿಡಬೇಕು ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಟರವರ ಅಥವಾ ಪೆಡಿಕಲ್ ಆಫೀಸರು ಅಥವಾ ಸ್ಯಾನಿಟರಿ ಆಫೀಸರವರು ವಿಧಿಸುವ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಪೊಟಾಷಿಯಂ ಪರ್ಮಾಂಗನೇಟ್ನಿಂದ ದಿಗೆ ಮಿಶ್ರಮಾಡತಕ್ಕದ್ದು

4 ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡ ಪಾನಕಗಳನ್ನು ತಯಾರ್ಮಾಡುವ ಕೋಣೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಸರಿಯಾದ ಮೇಲ್ಚಾವಣಿಯು ಪರಿಶುದ್ಧವಾಗಿಯೂ ಬೆಳಕಾಗಿಯೂ ಇರತಕ್ಕದ್ದು ಗೋಡೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಗಾರೆ ಗಿಲಾವು ಮಾಡಿ ಮೂಲೆ ಗಳಿಗೆ ಬಂದಾವತಿ ಯಾದರೂ ಸುಣ್ಣವನ್ನು ಬಳಿಯಬೇಕು ನೆಲಕ್ಕೆ ಕಡಪಾಕಲ್ಲುಗಳಿ ಪ್ಲೋರ್ ಗಟ್ಟಿಲಿನಿ ದಾಗಲಿ ಗಾರೆ ಅಥವಾ ಸಿಮೆಂಟ್ ಗಿಲಾವ್ ಹಾಕಬೇಕು

6 ಸದರಿ ಪಾನಕಗಳನ್ನು ತೆಗೆದುಕೆ ಂಡು ಹೋಗಲು ಗಾಡಿಗಳನ್ನೇನಾದರೂ ಇಟ್ಟದ್ದಲ್ಲಿ ಫ್ಯಾಕ್ಟರಿ ಹೆಸರನ್ನು ಗಾಡಿ ಪೆಟ್ಟಿಗೆಯ ಮೇಲೆ ಬರೆದಿರಬೇಕಲ್ಲದೆ ಯಾವಾಗಲೂ ಸದರಿ ಗಾಡಿ ಪೆಟ್ಟಿಗೆ ವೆಗೈರೆಯಿನ್ನ ಕರ್ಧವಾಗಿಟ್ಟಿರಬೇಕು

5 ಸದರಿ ಪಾನಕಗಳನ್ನು ತಯಾರ್ಮಾಡಲು ಉಪಯೋಗಿಸುವ ನೀರ ಪರಿಶುದ್ಧವಾಗಿರಬೇಕು ಮತ್ತು ಶುಭ್ರವಾಗಿರುವ ಪಾತ್ರೆಯಲ್ಲಿತರಬೇಕು

7 ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡ ಲಗಡಿಯೂ ಮತ್ತು ಪಾನಕಗಳನ್ನು ತಯಾರ್ಮಾಡಲು ಉಪಯೋಗಿಸುವ ಸಮಸ್ತ ಸಾಮಾನುಗಳೂ ಆಜಮಾಯಿಷಿ ಮಾಡತಲ್ಪಡಲು ಯಾವ ಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಾ ಪೆಡಿಕಲ್ ಆಫೀಸರವರಿಗಾಗಲೀ ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಟರವರಿಗಾಗಲಿ ಡಿಸ್ಟ್ರಿಕ್ಟ್ ಮೆಡಿಕಲ್ ಆಫೀಸರ್ರಿಗಾಗಲಿ ಮತ್ತು ಸ್ಯಾನಿಟರಿ ಇನ್ಸ್ಪೆಕ್ಟರ್ರುಗಳಿಗಾಗಲೀ ಅವಕಾಶವಿರತಕ್ಕದ್ದು

8 ಯಾವ್ ಫ್ಯಾಕ್ಟರಿಯಲ್ಲಿಯಾಗಲೀ ತಯಾರಾದ ಪಾನಕದ ಕೀಸೆಯು ವೀಟೆ ಅಥ ಫ್ಯಾಕ್ಟರಿಯು ಸರಿಯಾದ ವಿಳಾಸ ಬಿರುವ ಚೀಟಿ ಅಂಟಿದ್ದ ಕಿವಾಯಿ ಮಾಡಿ ಟಕ್ಕೆ ಇಡಕೂಡದು

9 ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆ ಟರಿಗಾಗಲಿ ಡಿಸ್ಟ್ರಿಕ್ಟ್ ಪೆಡಿಕಲ್ ಅಥವಾ ಸ್ಯಾನಿಟರಿ ಆಫೀಸರಿಗಾಗಲಿ ಸ್ಯಾನಿಟರಿ ಇನ್ಸ್ಪೆಕ್ಟರಿಗಾಗಲೀ ಆ ಥಾ ಫ್ಯಾಕ್ಟರಿಯನ್ನ ಅದುಕರೆಯಲ್ಪಟ್ಟಿದ್ದ ವೇಳೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಅಜವಾಯಿಷಿ ಒಗ್ಗೆ ಹೊಕ್ಕು ಆ ಥಾ ತಯಾರಾಗಿರುವ ಯಾವ ಪಾನಕದ ಮಾದರಿಗಾಗಿ ಯಾವ ಸೀಸೆಯನ್ನಾದರೂ ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳಲು ಅವಕಾಶವಿರತ್ತದೆ ಸದರಿ ಮಾದರಿ ಪಾನಕದ ಕೀಸೆಯನ್ನು ಗೌರ್ನಮೆಂಟ್ ಕೆಮಿಕಲ್ ಯಗ್ಜಾಮಿನರ್ರಿಗೆ ಜಾಸ್ತಿ ಖರ್ಚು ಕೊಡಲೆ ರವಾನಿಸಲ್ಪಡತ್ತೆ ಸದರಿ ಮಾದರಿ ಪಾನಕವು ಕುಡಿಯಲು ಅನಾರೋಗ್ಯಕರವೆಂದು ಸರ್ಟಿಫೈ ಆಗಿಬಂದಲ್ಲಿ ಅದು ಸಾಕ ದಷ್ಟು ಎವಿಡೆನ್ಸು ಆಗಿರುತ್ತದೆ

10 ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಬ್ಬ ಲಧ ಫ್ಯಾಕ್ಟರಿಯನ್ನು ಇಡಬೇಕೆ ದಿರುವವನು ಪೆಸಿಡೆ ಟರವರ್ಗಿಗೆ ತಾನು ಫ್ಯಾಕ್ಟರಿಯನ್ನಿಡಬೇಕೆ ದಿರ ಕಟ್ಟಡದ ಅಥವಾ ಕಟ್ಟಡದ ಭಾಗದ ಮುನಿಸಿಪಲ್ ನಖರ್ನು ನಮೂದಿಸಿ ಅರ್ಜಿಯನ್ನು ಬರೆದು ಕೆ ಳಬೇಕು ಸ್ಯಾನಿಟರಿ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳಿ ದ ಅದು ತೃಪ್ತಿದಾಗಿ ಎ ದು ಸಾಧಾರಸಿ ಆದ ತರುವಾಯ ಹಾಗೆ ಫ್ಯಾಕ್ಟರಿ ಇಡಲು ಲೈಸೆನ್ಸನ್ನು ಪಡೆದ ತರುವಾಯ ಫ್ಯಾಕ್ಟರಿಯನ್ನ ಇಡತಕ್ಕದ್ದು

11 ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡ ಬೈಲಾ ಯಾ ಕಾನೂನುಗಳಿಗೆ ತಪ್ಪು ನಡೆದರೆ ಯಾವ ಫ್ಯಾಕ್ಟರಿಯ ತನಿಗಾಗಲಿ ಮ್ಯಾನೆಜೆಸ್ಟ್ ಗೆಟರವರ ವಿವೇಚನಾ ಬಿತಾರವೇಲೆ 10 ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಮಿಾರದಂತೆ ಜುಲ್ಮಾನೆಯಾಗುವದು ಲಧ ತಪ್ಪು ನ್ನಷ್ಟೆ ನಡೆಯುತ್ತಿರುವುದಾದರೆ ಅದು ನಿಲ್ಲುವವರೆಗೂ ದಿನ 1ಕ್ಕೆ 5 ರೂ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಒಟ್ಟು ಮೊತಲಗು 200 ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಮಿಾರದ ತೆ ಜುಲ್ಮಾನೆ ವಿಧಿಸಲ್ಪಡುವುದು

IV ಸ್ಯಾನಿಟೇರ್ಷ್ ಮತ್ತು ಕ್ಲಾಸರ್ವೆನ್ಸಿ ಪಾಕೇಜು ಬೈಲಾ ಯಾ ಕಾನೂನುಗಳು

1 ಮುನಿಸಿಪಲ್ ರೆಗ್ಯುಲೇಷ್ನ್ 127ನೆ ಸೆಕ್ಷನ್‌ನಲ್ಲಿ ನಮೂದು ಮಾಡಿರುವ ಕಸ ವಗೈರೆಯನ್ನು ಮುನಿಸಿಪಲ್ ಕಸದ ತೊಟ್ಟಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಲಧವಾ ಅದಕ್ಕೆ ಕಸ ವಗೈರೆಯನ್ನು ಹಾಕ ವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಮಾಡಿರುವ ಇತರೇ ಜಾಗಾ ವಿನಹ ಮತ್ತೆಲ್ಲಿಯು ಹಾಕಕೂಡದ

2 ಮುನಿಸಿಪಲ್ ತೊಟ್ಟಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಹೆಂಚುಗಳನ್ನು ತೋಟದ ಕಸವನ್ನೂ ಬೂಹುಲ್ಲನ್ನೂ ಹಾಕಕೂಡದು

3 ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಟರವರ ತಪ್ಪಾಕಿ ಶಿವಾಯಿ ಬಚ್ಚಲು ನೀರು ಗಜಲ ಮತ್ತು ಮೂತ್ರವನ್ನು ರಸ್ತೆಯ ಚರಡಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಹರಿಯುವಂತೆ ಬಿಡಕೂಡದ ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ರಸ್ತೆ ಚರಂಡಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಹೇಗೆ ಮಾಡಲು ಮಕ್ಕಳಿಗೆ ಅವಕಾಶ ಕೊಡಬಾರದು ಹಾಗೆ ಮಾಡಿದಲ್ಲಿ ಈ ಮಕ್ಕಳ ತಂದೆತಾಯಿಗಳ ಈ ತಪ್ಪಿತಕ್ಕೆ ಗುರಿಯಾಗುವರು

4 ಈ ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡ ಬೈಲಾಗಳಿಗೆ ವಿರುದ್ಧವಾಗಿ ನಡೆಯತಕ್ಕವನಿಗೆ 20 ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳಿಗೆ ವಿರದ ಜುಲ್ಮಾನೆಯು ವಿಧಿಸಲ್ಪಡವುದು

5 ಯಾವನಾಗಲಿ ಬಿರಣಿಯನ್ನು ಮನೆಯ ಅಥವಾ ಅಂಗಳದ ಮುಂಭಾಗದ ಗೋಡೆಗಳಿಗಾಗಲಿ ತಟ್ಟಿದರೆ ವತ್ತು ಬಣಗಿಸಿದರೆ 20 ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಮೀರದ ಜುಲ್ಮಾನೆಗೆ ಬದ್ಧನಾಗುವನು

6 ವಮನಿಸಿಪಲ್ ಸರಹದ್ದಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಭಾವಿ ತೋಡುವ ಬಗ್ಯೆನಿನಸಿ ಕಟ್ಟಡಗಳನ್ನು ಕಟ್ಟುವ ಉದ್ದೇಶ್ಯ ಅಥವಾ ಮತ್ಯಾವ ಇತರ ಉದ್ದಿಶ್ಯಕ್ಕೆ ಯಾರೂ ಯಾವ ಜಾಗಾವಲ್ಲೂ ವಣ್ಣನ್ನು ತೆಗೆದು ಗುಡಿಗಳನ್ನು ಮಾಡಕೂಡದು ಪ್ರತಿಮನೆಯ ಅವರ ಪಾಳುಜಾಗದ ಮಾಲೀಕನ ತನ್ನ ಜಾಗಾದಲ್ಲಿ ಕಚರಾ ಗಿಡಗಳ ಬೆಳೆಯವ ತೆಯೂ, ಗೊಬ್ಬರವನ್ನು ಜನಾಯಿಸದಂತೆಯೂ ಪಾಕಾಗಿಟ್ಟುಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕು ಪ್ರತಿದಿನವೂ ಗೊಬ್ಬರವನ್ನು ಸಾಗಿಸ ವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಲಸಾಧ್ಯವಾದಲ್ಲಿ ವಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಒ ದುಸಾರಿಯಾದರೂ ಅಂಥ ಗೊಬ್ಬರವನ್ನು ಮುನಿಸಿಪಲ್ ಗಡಿ ಹೊರಗೆ ಸಾಗಿಸ ಪಾಕಾಗಿ ಇಡಬೇಕು

7 ಮುನಿಸಿಪಲ್ ಎಲ್ಲೆಯೊಳಗಿನ ಭದ್ರಾನದಿಯು ಮತ್ತು ದಪದಲ್ಲಿಯಾಗಲಿ ಅಥವಾ ಸವಿಾಪದಲ್ಲಿಯಾಗಲಿ ಜನಗಳು ತಿ ು ಗಾಡತಕ್ಕೆ ರಸೆ ಅಥವಾ ಸವಿಾಪದಲ್ಲಿಯಾಗಲೀ ಯಾರಾದರೂ ಮಲ ಅಥವಾ ಮೂತ್ರ ವಿಸರ್ಜನೆ ಮಾಡಿದರೆ ಅ ಧಿಕಾರಿಗೆ ಮೊದ ಲನೆದಫಾಕ್ಕೆ 0—8—0 ಆಣೆಗೆ ಮೀರಿದ ಜುಲ್ಮಾನೆಯು ೀ ಎಡನೇದಫಾಕ್ಕೆ ಒ ದುರೂಪಾಯಿಗೆ ಮೀರದ ಜುಲ್ಮಾನೆಯು ಮತ್ತು ವ ು ದೆ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊ ದು ಸಲಕ್ಕೂ ವಿಧಿಸಲ್ಪಡ ವುದ

8 ಅಂಟು ಅಥವಾ ಸಾಂಕ್ರಾಮಿಕ ಕಾಯಲೆಗಳಿ ದ ಪೀಡಿತನಾದವನ ಅ ಗಡಿ ಸ ತೆ ಲಧವ ವ ತ್ತೆಲ್ಲಿಯಾದರೂ ಆಹಾರ ಸಾಮಗ್ರಿಗಳನ್ನ ಮಾಡಕೂಡದು ಹಾಗೆ ಮಾಡಿದಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊ ದು ತಪ್ಪಿ ೂ ಒಂದು ರೂಪಾಯಿ ಗೆ ಮೀರದೆ ಜುಲ್ಮಾನೆ ವಿಧಿಸಲ್ಪಡುವುದು

9 ಮುನಿಸಿ ಲ ಎಲ್ಲೆಯೊಳಗೆ ಮನೆಗಳಿರತಕ್ಕ ಅಥವಾ ನಿವೇಶನಗಳಿರತಕ್ಕ ಯಾರಾಗಲೀ ತಮ್ಮ ಅಂಥ ಜಾಗಾದ ಬಳಗೂ ಸುತ್ತಮುತ್ತಲೂ ಹೊರಗಿರುವ ಚರ ಡಿಗಳನ್ನು ವ ತ್ತು ಕಾಲುಪೈಗಳನ್ನೂ ನೀರು ಹರಿದು ಹೋಗಲು ಲಡಚಣೆಯಿಲ್ಲ ದಂತೆ ಇಟ್ಟಿರಬೇಕು ಮತ್ತು ನೀರು ನಿ ತು ಮಲೇರಿಯಾ ಕ್ರಿಮಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಅವಕಾಶವಾಗುವಂತೆ ಎಸ್ಪದಕೊಡಕೂಡದು ಮತ ಬೇಲಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಮುಳ್ಳುಗಿಡಗಳ ಲಾ ಟಾನಾ ಕತ್ತಾಳೆ ಇವುಗಳನ್ನು ಹ ಕಕೂಡದು ಮತ್ತು ಹೂಲಿ ಇರುವ ಧವುಗಳನ್ನು ತೆಗೆದು ಬಿ ಬೇಕು

10 ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆ ಟರಿಂದ ನೋಟೀಸು ಒ ದ ತರುವಾಯ ಮೇಲ್ಕ ಬೈಲಾಗಳಿಗೆ ವಿರುದ್ಧವ ಗಿ ನಡೆಯುವವನಿಗೆ ಮ್ಯಾಜಿಸ್ಟ್ರೇಟರವರ ರೂಬರ್ಬು ತಪ್ಪು ಸಾಬೀತಾದ ಮೇಲೆ 20 ರ ಪಾಯಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಮೀರದೆ ಜುಲ್ಮಾನೆಯು ಆಗುವುದು

V ಮುನಿಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಪಟ್ಟ ಇತರ ವಿಷಯಗಳನ್ನ್ಲೆ ಬೈಲಾ ಯಾ ಕಾನೂನುಗಳು

ಸೆಕ್ಷ್ 48 (1)

1 ಯಾರಾಗಲೀ ತನ್ನ ಪಿ ಗಳ ಧವಾ ಹಿತ್ತಲನ್ನು ಗೋಡೆಯಿ ದಲಾಗಲಿ ಬೇಲಿಯಿ ದಲಾಗಲೀ ಲಧವಾ ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆ ಟರವರು ತಿಳಿಸುವ ಸಾವಾನಿನಿ ದಲೂ ಆವರಣಿಸಿ ಕಟ್ಟಿಕೊಳ್ಳದಲ್ಲಿ ಮತ್ತ ಯಾರಾಗಲಿ ನೋಟೀಸ್ ತಪ್ಪಿದ ಒ ದು ತಿಂಗಳೊಳಗಾಗಿ ಕಾ ಪೌಂಡ್‌ಗೆ ಡೆಯನ್ನಾಗಲಿ ಬಿದಿರು ಗೊಡೆ ಕಂಬವನ್ನಾಗಲಿ ದರಸ್ತವಾಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳದೆ ಇದ್ದಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರತಿ ಧವರಿಗೆ 20ರೂ ಪಾಯಿಗೆ ಎಾರದ ಜುಲ್ಮಾನೆಯು ಆಗ ಪುದು

2 ಯಾರಾಗಲೀ ತನ್ನ ಖಾಲಿ ನಿವೇಶನವನ್ನು ಲಧವ ಅದರ ಭಾಗವನ್ನು ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಟರವರಿಂದ ನೋಟೀಸು ತಲುಪುವ ತರುವಾಯು ಅದು ಕೂಡಲೆ ವಾಯಿದೆ ಒ ದು ಗಳ ಒಳಗಾಗಿ ಮುಚ್ಚಿಕೊಳ್ಳದಲ್ಲಿ ಮತ್ತು ತಪ್ಪಿ ೂವನ್ನೆಲ್ಲಾ ಚೊಕ್ಕಟವಾಗಿ ಇಟ್ಟು ಗಳ್ಳದೆ ಇದ್ದಲ್ಲಿ 20 ರ ಪಾಯಿ ಗೆ ಮೀರದ ಜುಲ್ಮಾನೆಯು ವಿಧಿಸಲ್ಪಡುವುದು

3 ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆ ಟರವರು ತಿಳಿಸುವ ಜಾಗಾದಲ್ಲಿ ಶಿವಾಯಿ ಯಾರಾದರೂ ಮತ್ತೆಲ್ಲಿಯಾದರೂ ಮೀನು ಅಥವಾ ಯಾವ ತರಹೆ ವ ಸವನ್ನಾದರೂ ವ್ಯಾಪಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಇಟ್ಟಲ್ಲಿ 10 ರೂಪಾಯಿಗೆ ಮೀರದ ಜುಲ್ಮಾನೆಯು ವಿಧಿಸಲ್ಪಡುವುದು

4 ಯಾರಾದರೂ ಜನಗಳು ತಿರುಗಾಡತಕ್ಕ ರಸ್ತೆಯಲ್ಲಾಗಲಿ ದಾ ವಲ್ಲಿಯಾಗಲಿ ತಿರುಗಾಡಲು ತೊ ದರೆಯಾಗ ವ ತೆ ಅಥವಾ ಅ ಧಿಕಾರಸ್ತ ಅಥವಾ ದಾರಿ ಕೊಟ್ಟಂತೆ ಧವ ಅಪಾಯವಾ ಗುವ ತೆ ಕಟ್ಟಿಗೆಯನ್ನು ಕಡಿದಲ್ಲಿ 20 ರೂಪಾಯಿಗೆ ಮೀರದ ಜುಲ್ಮಾನೆ ವಿಧಿಸಲ್ಪ ಟ್ಟಿದು

5 ಮುನಿಸಿಪಾಲಿಟಿಯ ಎಲ್ಲೆಯೊಳಗೆ ಭದ್ರಾನದಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾ ದರೂ ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆ ಟರವರಿ ದ ಲೈಸೆನ್ಸು ಪಡೆದ ಶಿವಾಯಿ ಮೀನನ್ನು ಗಾಳಿ ದಾಗಲೀ ಬಲೆಯಿಂದಾಗಲೀ ಅಥವಾ ಮತ್ಯಾವ ತರಹದಿ ದಗು ಹಿಡಿದಲ್ಲಿ 20 ರೂಪಾಯಿಗೆ ಮೀರದ ಜುಲ್ಮಾನೆಯು ವಿಧಿಸಲ್ಪಡುವುದು

ಎಂ ರಾಮೈಯ್ಯಂಗಾರ್,
ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆಟ್ ಭದ್ರಾವತಿ ಮ್ಯುನಿಸಿಪಲ್ ಕೌನ್ಸಿಲ್

Chamarajanagar Town Municipal Council

Bye laws framed by the Chamarajanagar Municipal Council regarding the manufacture preparation and sale of ærated waters under section 48 (1) (c) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation of 1906 and sanctioned in Government order No R 5805 MI 56 20- 7 dated 16 11 19 0

I No place shall be used for the manufacture or preparation or sale of ærated waters unless approved by the Vice President or Medical Officer for the purpose

II All ærated water factories shall satisfy the following conditions —

(*a*) If the water be filtered the filtering vessels and materials shall be sterilized at such times and in such manner as the Vice President or Medical Officer may direct

(*b*) All water to be used for washing bottles shall be stored in closed iron vessels and be treated before use with permanganate of potassium in such manner as the Vice President or Medical Officer may direct

( ) The room in which ærated waters are manufactured shall be properly roofed and kept clean and in good repair The walls shall be plastered with mortar and shall be lime washed at least once in three months the floor shall be flagged tiled or cemented so as to be impervious to water and shall be properly drained

(*f*) The water used for the manufacture of ærated waters shall be pure and shall not be carried in massacks or in any other vessels not approved by the Vice President

( ) Carts employed for the carriage of water shall be kept on the premises shall have the designation of the factory painted on the barrel and shall at all times be kept in a state of scrupalous cleanliness

(*f*) The premises and all appliances used in the manufacture shall be open to inspection at all reasonable times by the President Vice President Medical Officer or any other Municipal Officer

(*g*) No ærated waters of any kind shall be issued from the manufactory without having a proper label on each bottle giving full name and address of the manufacturer

It shall be lawful for the Medical Officer or any Municipal Sanitary Inspector to enter any place used for the manufacture or sale of ærated waters at any time when such place is open and to inspect or to take a sample of bottles of any kind of ærated waters which are there manufactured or kept for sale Such samples shall be forthwith forwarded to the Government Chemical Examiner and Bacterioligist and if a certificate from him states that such sample is unfit for human consumption it shall be evident that it is so unfit untill the contrary is proved

III. Any infringement of the above Bye laws shall render the proprietor or the person in charge of the place liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs 20 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs 5 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs 00

S ABDUL KHALAK
President
Town Municipal Council Chamarajanagar

Crown Electric Press Mysore

G R.S VI G 31]

SUBJFCT

Diary No of letter replied to

Section '

File No

Serial No 48

General and Revenue Secretariat

( )

the 19'

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore

Read—

Date of issue .. 22/26

Signed by ....hr TS

May thi be

i Printed ?

ii treated as a standi g order ?

iii publ hed in the Gazette, Eng h I art ?

iv translated ?

v placed at the d posal of the p ess ?

vi publ shed in the Gazette, Kannada Part ?

Order Thereon No

-25474-5

Sec-Cond (1)

The word "into" should be inserted between the words "premises" and "shall" occurring at the end of the 1st line.

Sec Cond 2

For the word "used" in line 1 the word "owned" shall be substituted

Sec-Cond 3

Under the existing Commercial Contracts Law no writ of replevin derived [illegible] - which means - writ "in Trover [illegible] - is included

List of enclosures

Sec-Cond 4

The word "or" should be inserted with the word "wherein" and the word "the" in line 1 and the word "with" substituted for the word [illegible] in succession [illegible] and the word "such" in line 3

Copied by

Examined by

22/4

WD 1882—GPB—1 000 00—21 15

Summary Grant

[illegible]